

UNITED NATIONS DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME

STRATEGIC PLAN 2022-2025

Foreword

This is a critical moment for the world, and for development. A planetary emergency and the pandemic have depleted the world's natural resources and widened poverty and inequality. Up to one billion people could be living in extreme poverty by 2030 unless we seize this opportunity for a decisive push towards the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

But this is also a moment of choice: an opportunity to learn from our experience, to do things differently, to aspire to greater shared goals. This new Strategic Plan 2022-2025 describes how UNDP intends to work together with our partners to deliver what's required of us in these extraordinary times. Collaborating across the revitalized UN system and beyond for stronger collective results. Applying integrated approaches aimed at transformative change. Supporting governments and communities to rebound from COVID-19 and build forward better.

The Strategic Plan is grounded in UNDP's continued commitment to eradicating poverty, accompanying countries in their pathways towards the SDGs and working towards the Paris Agreement. It envisions bold goals, making adifference to millions of lives, including through tackling multidimensional poverty, energy access, elections participation and development financing. It explains how UNDP will develop our six signature solutions – powered by digitalisation, innovation and development financing – for greater impact. It sets out practical steps towards becoming an even more agile and anticipatory organisation, investing further in our people, business model and operational excellence.

The Plan describes how the combination of our deep local experience and our rich global network, tapping into countries' knowledge and shared experience, delivers value to our partners. How we will foster innovation and creativity to help change systems and tackle the hardest challenges standing between us and the SDGs. All this to scale and

accelerate progress towards green, inclusive transitions that empower every last person through greater opportunity and resilience.

The Plan is the result of extensive collaboration with our many partners. I am immensely grateful to them, and to all our UNDP teams, whose contributions have helped produce a Plan that truly reflects the diversity of all the countries, communities and people whom UNDP serves.

I invite you to read the Plan itself and learn more. With your support and collaboration, together UNDP can work with countries to expand people's choices for a fairer, sustainable future, to build the world envisioned by Agenda 2030 with planet and people in balance.



Achim Steiner
Administrator
United Nations
Development Programme

Strategic context

Advancing the future of development

The challenge of reaching Agenda 2030 was already significant, even before the COVID-19 pandemic hit. Compounded by a climate emergency, political polarization and challenged multilateralism, continued conflicts and forced displacement, the number of people living in poverty rose in 2020 for the first time since 1998 by an estimated 119-124 million. Inequalities are growing, and the traditional social contract is no longer working for many.

Today's development challenges are dynamic, interconnected puzzles of multidimensional risk that require systemic solutions. Multilateral cooperation is vital in addressing these shared challenges that cross boundaries of geography and time.

No country has yet achieved the combination of very high human development with a light ecological footprint. The impacts of climate change and biodiversity loss are growing. In this complex, uncertain landscape, the SDGs and the Paris Agreement offer clarity of purpose and a way forward.

In the next four years, UNDP will work with countries to make a difference to millions of lives:









Global COVID-19 response

As the United Nations system technical lead on the socio-economic response to COVID-19, UNDP is supporting governments in developing and implementing inclusive economic stimulus packages to restore the livelihoods of those newly poor, through combined interventions including health, education and digital access.

Beyond climate resilience

In Somalia, UNDP is helping strengthen community resilience to climate change and water scarcity by supporting water conservation infrastructure and education at local level, coupled with national policie on disaster risk reduction.

Governance for the future

In Viet Nam, UNDP is "future-proofing" governance systems through anticipatory approaches, and better understanding and management of risk.

Renewable energy at scale

The Africa Mini-Grid Programme supported by UNDP, is improving the financial viabilit of renewable energy mini-grids in **18 countries**, encouraging private investment, lower tariffs and expanded service.



20,000 people

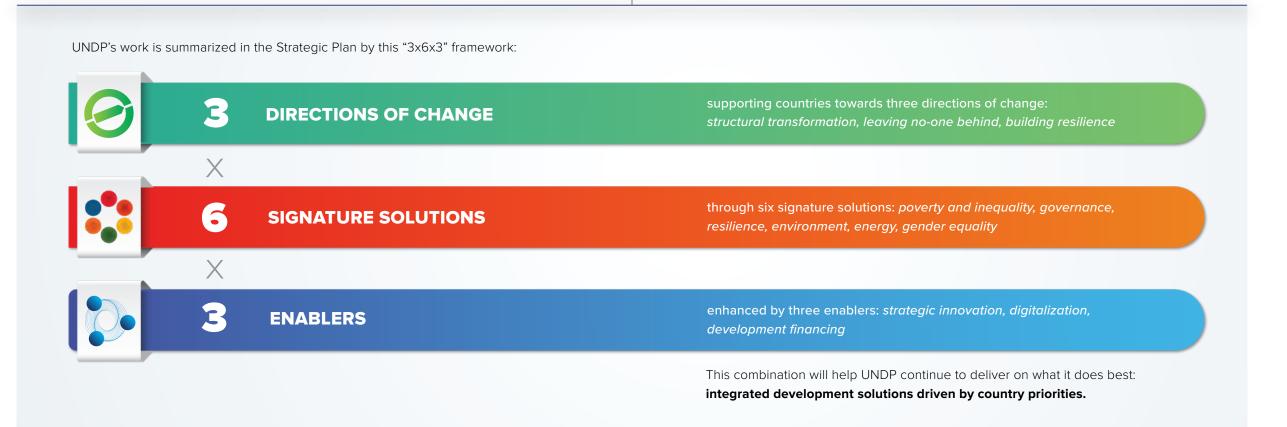
at UNDP working together across

170 countries and territories

What we do

UNDP's development offer



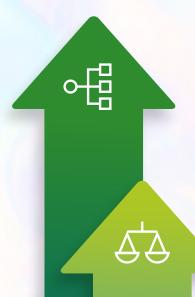


Directions of change

Guiding people and planet beyond 2025

During this Plan and beyond, UNDP will be accompanying countries towards the SDGs through country programmes, driven by national development choices, and with poverty eradication at their core.

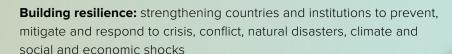
To this end, we support countries in pursuing three directions of systemic change:



Structural transformation, including green, inclusive and digital transitions: working with countries to effect change in systems and structures that shape a country's sustainable development



Leaving no-one behind: a rights-based approach centered on empowerment, inclusion, equity, human agency and human development



Signature solutions

Supercharged for greater results

Learning from the experience of the last four years, UNDP will:

- Prioritize where country demands are greatest
- ► Focus on UNDP's strongest capabilities and role within the UN system
- ▶ Refine and develop the signature solutions for greater impact and scale
- ▶ Deliver integrated solutions through a systems approach



Enablers

Maximizing development impact

Enablers are capacities and approaches to scale-up development impact for country partners and within UNDP's own systems:



Digitalisation

Supporting countries to build inclusive, ethical and sustainable digital societies.

Strategic innovation

Empowering governments and communities to enhance the performance of entire systems, making them adaptive and resilient





Development financing

Partnering with governments and the private sector to align public and private capital flows with the SDGs and mobilise finance at scale

Global partnerships

Forging connections for the SDGs

Delivering results at the speed and scale needed to reach Agenda 2030 depends on close partnerships with a diverse range of actors working towards common goals. UNDP's longstanding partnerships leverage the diverse capabilities, resources and knowledge of our partners:



The next four years will see UNDP strengthening these existing partnerships and forging new ones. Using our convening power to continue building strategic alliances with marginalized voices and empowering local actors.

The partnerships of the future require flexible instruments, modalities and funding, better suited to new types of partners or new ways of collaborating (e.g., "creative commons" approaches towards sharing intellectual property).

UNDP will also work with partners to advocate for, and facilitate, global and regional cooperation around common challenges – from pandemics to conflict to green transitions – while showcasing the value of multilateral solutions.

A strong partner in the UN system

Complementing our capabilities

As we work with partners across the UN system, we draw on each other's complementary strengths and capabilities to deliver stronger results.



With the United Nations Development System to deliver coherent and integrated development solutions, driven by country demand, that maximise collective results and impact



As technical lead of the UN's socio-economic response to the COVID-19 pandemic



Working with governments and partners under the leadership of the World Health Organisation and UNICEF to support COVID-19 vaccine preparedness and deployment



With UN Volunteers, United Nations Multi-Partner Trust Fund, UN Office for South-South Cooperation, and United Nations Capital Development Fund to reinforce the revitalized development system



Connecting partners to UNDP expertise and experience across country, regional and global teams through the Global Policy Network

Better never stops

Building from lessons learned

The Strategic Plan 2018-2021 set out an ambitious agenda: to transform UNDP into a more nimble, innovative thought leader, more effective and efficient at delivering results, a trusted partner for countries in reaching the SDGs.

The Strategic Plan 2022-2025 continues in this direction, building on the progress of the last four years. It draws on assessments, evaluations and audits, and on the lessons of experience, including from our COVID-19 response.

Conversations with diverse practitioners and thought leaders from government, civil society, the private sector, the UN system and UNDP staff worldwide have also enriched the Plan.

Key lessons to which the Plan responds include:



Global, regional, local

UNDP's network brings the world together, driving sustainable impact and results for people and planet.

North America

· New York headquarters

Latin America and the Caribbean

Ecuador

Guyana

Honduras

Mexico

Panama

Paraguay

Suriname

Uruguay

Venezuela

· Jamaica (covering The Bahamas,

· Trinidad and Tobago (covering

Trinidad and Tobago)

Aruba, Curacao, Sint Maarten,

Belize, Bermuda, Cavman Islands,

Jamaica, Turks and Caicos Islands)

Haiti

El Salvador

Guatemala

- · Panama Regional Hub
- Argentina
- · Barbados and the Eastern Caribbean (covering Anguilla, Antigua and Barbuda, the British Virgin Islands, the Commonwealth of Dominica, Grenada,
- Montserrat, Saint Lucia, St. Kitts and Nevis. St. Vincent and the Grenadines)
- Bolivia Brazil
- Chile
- Colombia
- · Costa Rica Cuba
- · Dominican Republic

- Africa
- Addis Ababa Regional Service Centre

Lesotho

• Liberia

Malawi

Mali

Madagascar

Mauritania

Mozambique

Namibia

Niger

Nigeria

Rwanda

Senegal

· Sierra Leone

South Africa

· South Sudan

Tanzania

Togo

Uganda

Zambia

Zimbabwe

· Mauritius and Seychelles

São Tomé and Príncipe

- Angola
- Benin
- Botswana
- · Burkina Faso • Burundi
- Cameroon
- Cape Verde Central African Republic
- Chad
- Comoros Congo (Dem. Republic of)
- Congo (Republic of)
- Côte d'Ivoire
- · Equatorial Guinea
- Fritrea
- Eswatini • Ethiopia
- Gabon
- Gambia Ghana
- Guinea
- Guinea-Bissau

- Algeria
- Bahrain

- Egypt Iraa
- Jordan
- Lebanon
- Libya
- Morocco
- Somalia
- Sudan
- Syria
- Tunisia

Arab States

- · Amman Regional Hub

- Diibouti

- Kuwait

- · Programme of Assistance to the Palestinian People
- · Saudi Arabia

- Yemen

- · Istanbul Regional Hub
- Albania

Europe and Central Asia

- Armenia Azerbaijan
- Belarus
- · Bosnia and Herzegovina
- Cyprus
- Georgia
- Kazakhstan
- Kosovo (as per UNSCR 1244)
- Kyrgyzstan

- Moldova
- Montenegro
- · North Macedonia Serbia
- Taiikistan
- Turkey Turkmenistan
- Ukraine
- Uzbekistan

Asia and the Pacific

- · Bangkok Regional Hub
- Afghanistan
- Bangladesh
- Bhutan Cambodia
- China
- · Democratic People's Republic of
- Korea India
- Indonesia
- · Lao PDR
- · Malaysia (covering Brunei Darussalam, Malaysia, Singapore)
- Maldives
- Mongolia

- Myanmar Nepal
- Pacific Office in Fiji (covering Federated States of Micronesia, Fiji, Kiribati, Republic of the Marshall Islands, Nauru, Palau, Solomon Islands, Tonga, Tuvalu, Vanuatu)
- Pakistan
- · Papua New Guinea
- Philippines
- Samoa (covering Samoa, Cook Islands, Niue, Tokelau)
- Sri Lanka
- Thailand Timor-Leste
- Viet Nam

Representation Offices

- Brussels Representation Office (covering European Union)
- · Geneva Representation Office Nordic Representation Office (covering Denmark, Finland, Norway, Sweden) · Tokyo Representation Office
- Washington Representation Office

Policy Centres

- Nairobi Global Centre on Resilient Ecosystems and Desertification
- Oslo Governance Centre
- Istanbul International Center for Private Sector in Development
- Seoul Policy Centre for Knowledge Exchange through SDG Partnerships
- Singapore Global Centre for Technology, Innovation and Sustainable Development

