

HIV/AIDS Profile: Singapore

Demographic Indicators

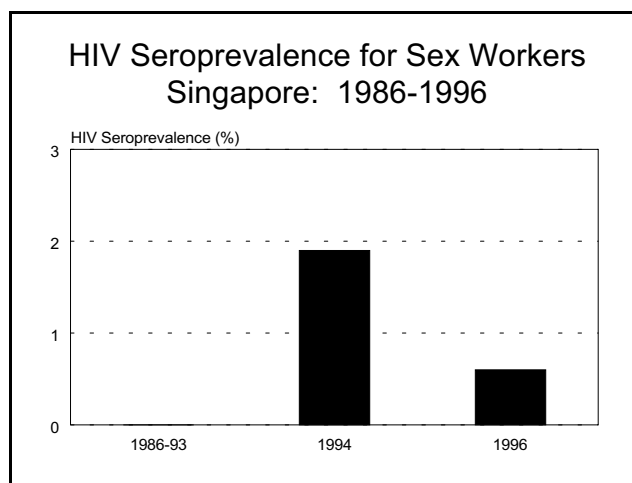
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|--|-------|------------------------------|-----|
| Population (1,000s) | 4,152 | Growth Rate (%) | 3.5 |
| Infant Mortality Rate (per 1,000) | | Life Expectancy | |
| Both Sexes | 4 | Both Sexes | 80 |
| Male | 4 | Male | 77 |
| Female | 3 | Female | 83 |
| Crude Birth Rate (per 1,000) | 13 | Crude Death Rate (per 1,000) | 4 |
| Percent Urban | 100 | Total Fertility Rate | 1.2 |
| Note: Above indicators are for 2000. | | | |
| ***** | | | |
| Estimated % of adults living with HIV/AIDS, end 1999 | 0.2 % | | |
| Cumulative AIDS rate (per 1,000) as of 10/13/98 | 0.11 | | |
| Cumulative AIDS cases as of 10/13/98 | 419 | | |
| Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Reference Bureau, UNAIDS, World Health Organization. | | | |

Epidemiological Data

Epidemic State: Low

There is little recent data on the HIV epidemic in Singapore. However, what data is available indicate that the epidemic is low among high risk groups.

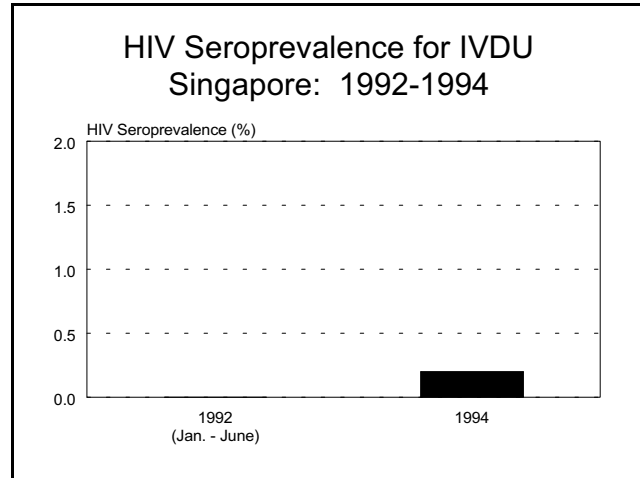
- HIV seroprevalence among sex workers in Singapore ranged from no evidence of infection in 1986-93 to 2 percent in 1994.



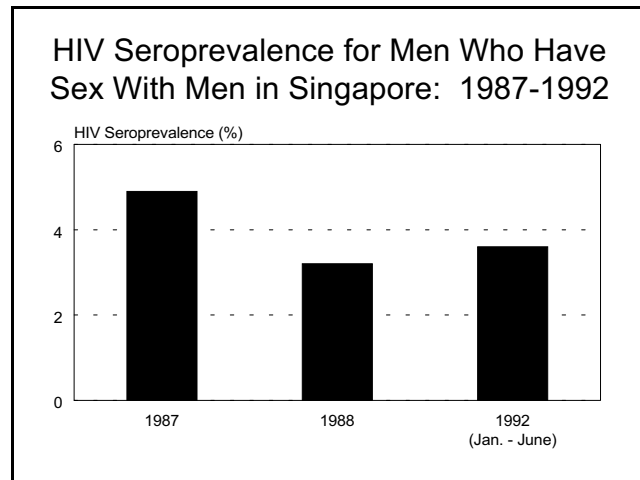
Source: International Programs Center, Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau, HIV/AIDS Surveillance Data Base, June 2000.

Singapore

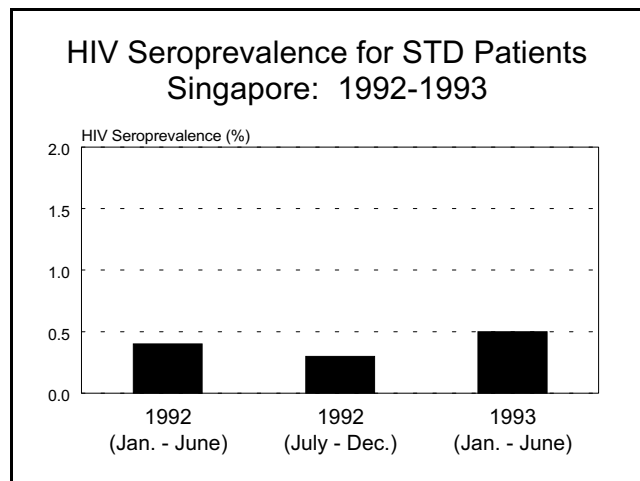
- HIV seroprevalence among IV drug users in Singapore ranged from no evidence of infection in the first half of 1992 to less than one-half of 1 percent in 1994.



- Serosurveys carried out among men who have sex with men showed that HIV prevalence fluctuated between 3 and 5 percent between 1987 and 1992 in Singapore.



- HIV seroprevalence among patients seen at STD clinics during 1992 and the first half of 1993 varied little. Prevalence was below 1 percent in both years.



Sources for Singapore

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