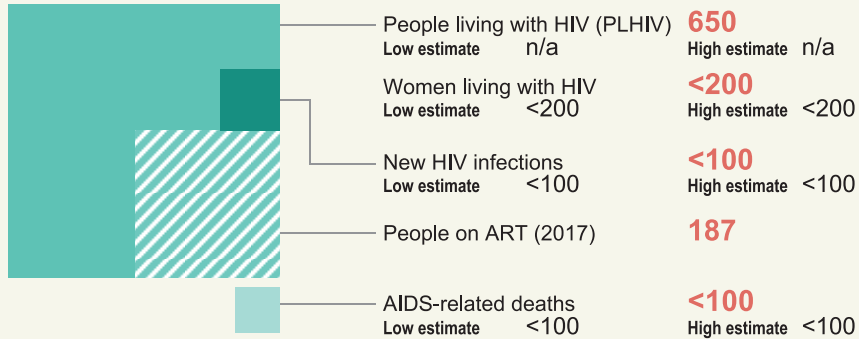




# MONGOLIA

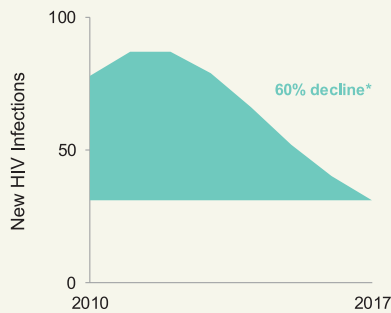
## COUNTRY SNAPSHOT, 2018

### EPIDEMIC SNAPSHOT 2018 | MONGOLIA



Source: Global AIDS Monitoring 2018 and UNAIDS 2018 Estimates

### NEW HIV INFECTIONS TREND



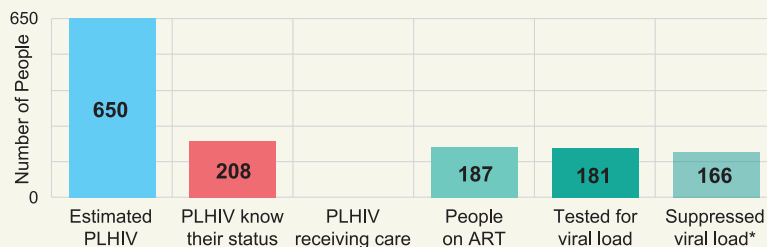
\* Country with fewer than 100 new infections.  
Source: UNAIDS 2018 HIV Estimates

### HIV PREVALENCE (%)

TRANSGENDER PEOPLE	National	0.0
	City	0.0
MEN WHO HAVE SEX WITH MEN (2017)	National	0.0
	Ulaanbaatar	<b>9.2</b>
PEOPLE WHO INJECT DRUGS	National	0.0
	City	0.0
FEMALE SEX WORKERS (2017)	National	0.0
	Ulaanbaatar	0.0

Source: Serological surveys and Global AIDS Monitoring 2018

### TREATMENT CASCADE, 2017

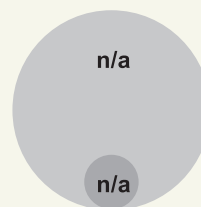


\* Number of people on ART who received a viral load test in the past year and have viral load of <1000 copies/ml  
Source: Global AIDS Monitoring 2018 and UNAIDS 2018 Estimates

# PREVENTION OF MOTHER-TO-CHILD TRANSMISSION (PMTCT), 2017

- Estimated pregnant women living with HIV
- Pregnant women living with HIV who received ARVs for PMTCT

Source: Global AIDS Monitoring 2018 and UNAIDS 2018 Estimates



## KEY POPULATIONS

	MEN WHO HAVE SEX WITH MEN	PEOPLE WHO INJECT DRUGS	FEMALE SEX WORKERS	TRANSGENDER PEOPLE
<b>SIZE ESTIMATES:</b>	3,118	n/a	n/a	n/a
<b>BEHAVIOUR AND RESPONSE:</b>				
Condom use at last sex (%)	79		84	n/a
Safe injection practice (%)				
HIV testing coverage (%)	88		76	n/a

Source: Global AIDS Response Progress Reporting and Global AIDS Monitoring 2018

## STIGMA INDEX

Percent of PLHIV respondents who avoided going to a local clinic when needed because of HIV status **n/a**

## PUNITIVE LAWS

Criminalization of same-sex sexual activities	Compulsory detention centres for people who use drugs	Criminalization of sex work	Criminalization of HIV transmission or exposure	HIV related restrictions on entry, stay and residence
NO	NO	YES	YES	NO