LAO PEOPLE’S DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC

New HIV infections trend

HIV prevalence (%)

- **TRANSGENDER PEOPLE (2012)**
  - National: 
    - Vientiane and Savannakhet: 3.1
- **MEN WHO HAVE SEX WITH MEN (2017)**
  - National: Vientiane: 7.7
- **PEOPLE WHO INJECT DRUGS**
  - National: City: 
- **FEMALE SEX WORKERS (2017)**
  - National: Luang Namtha: 1
  - City: 2

Source: UNAIDS 2019 HIV Estimates
Source: Serological surveys and Global AIDS Monitoring 2018

Treatment cascade, 2018

- Estimated PLHIV: 12,000
- PLHIV know their status: 10,172
- PLHIV receiving care: 6,484
- People on ART: 5,658
- Tested for viral load: 5,395
- Suppressed viral load*: 
  - Low estimate: <500
  - High estimate: <500

Source: Global AIDS Monitoring 2019 and UNAIDS 2019 Estimates

* Number of people on ART who received a viral load test in the past year and have viral load of <1000 copies/ml
Prevention of mother-to-child transmission (PMTCT), 2018

- Estimated pregnant women living with HIV: <500
- Pregnant women living with HIV who received ARVs for PMTCT: 90

Source: Global AIDS Monitoring 2019 and UNAIDS 2019 Estimates

Behaviour and response

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>MEN WHO HAVE SEX WITH MEN</th>
<th>PEOPLE WHO INJECT DRUGS</th>
<th>FEMALE SEX WORKERS</th>
<th>TRANSGENDER PEOPLE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Condom use at last sex (%)</td>
<td>26</td>
<td></td>
<td>92</td>
<td>74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Safe injection practice (%)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>HIV testing coverage (%)</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
<td>38</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
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Source: Global AIDS Response Progress Reporting and Global AIDS Monitoring 2018

AIDS financing, 2017

- AIDS spending by financing source:
  - International funding: 88%
  - Domestic funding: 12%
  - Total funding: 4.6 million US$

AIDS spending by service category

- Key populations prevention
- Other prevention
- Care and treatment
- Other AIDS expenditures

Stigma index, 2012

Percent of PLHIV respondents who avoided going to a local clinic when needed because of HIV status: 36%

Punitive laws

- Criminalization of same-sex sexual activities: NO
- Compulsory detention centres for people who use drugs: YES
- Criminalization of sex work: YES
- Criminalization of HIV transmission or exposure: YES
- HIV-related restrictions on entry, stay and residence: NO

Source: Global AIDS Monitoring Reporting